# Institute of Outdoor Sports and Environmental Science <br> Schmidt, A; Klaus, S; Roth, R <br> <br> The impact of individually fitted carbon insoles <br> <br> The impact of individually fitted carbon insoles on sprint performance in cycling 

 on sprint performance in cycling}


## Results

We examined a total of 25 test persons ( 5 women, 20 men; average age: $30,4 \pm 10,87$ years old; a range from 17 to 45 years old, average weight: $70,05 \mathrm{~kg} \pm 10,82 \mathrm{~kg}$ ). The average sprint performance covering 8 seconds rose to $958.7 \pm 183.0 \mathrm{~W}$ from $896.9 \pm 167.3 \mathrm{~W}$ (p $<0.001$; paired t-test; $95 \%$ confidence interval of the change 48.8 W - 75.0 W) by 61.9 W (around 6.9\%).

## Material and methods

Each test person completed three sprint tests of eight seconds each with the standard soles of his own racing bike shoes. After a standardized warm-up phase of ten minutes, a total of three sprints lasting eight seconds each were performed in intervals of five minutes (recovery phase). The performance measurement was done on the test person's own bicycle using a standardized Cyclus 2 gauge from the manufacturer RBM elektronik-automation GmbH . The maximum values and the average sprint performance covering eight seconds were measured in watt during all the sprints. Subsequently, each test person was equipped with suitable Solestar carbon insoles fitted individually to his foot and racing bike shoe. After a phase of getting accustomed to the insoles lasting two weeks, the sprint test was repeated. Within these two weeks, the test persons completed merely training units in basic endurance without sprint intervals so as to avoid performance-enhancing adjustment effects.


## Conclusions

A jump of the sprint performance in cycling in terms of the complete duration of a sprint covering 8 seconds can be effected by dint of individually fitted carbon insoles. The optimization of transmission of power by an even distribution of power over the entire midfoot axis and the support of the arch using individually fitted carbon insoles for racing bike shoes is apparently the decisive factor for these results.

